

2020 Cost of Living Adjustments

Issued date: 11/12/19

The IRS recently released cost of living adjustments for 2020 under various provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code). Some of these adjustments may affect your employee benefit plans.

Cafeteria Plans – Health Flexible Spending Arrangements

For plan years beginning in 2020, the dollar limitation under Code Section 125(i) for voluntary employee salary reductions for contributions to health flexible spending arrangements increases to \$2,750.

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) amended Code Section 125 to place a \$2,500 limitation on voluntary employee salary reductions for contributions to health flexible spending arrangements, subject to inflation for plan years beginning after December 31, 2013.

Qualified Transportation Fringe Benefits

For calendar year 2020, the monthly exclusion limitation for transportation in a commuter highway vehicle (vanpool) and any transit pass (under Code Section 132(f)(2)(A)) and the monthly exclusion limitation for qualified parking expenses (under Code Section 132(f)(2)(B)) increases to \$270.

The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2016 permanently changed the pre-tax transit and vanpool benefits to be at parity with parking benefits.

Beginning with the 2018 calendar year, employers can no longer deduct qualified transportation fringe benefits; employees may still pay for these benefits on a tax-favored basis.

Highly Compensated

The compensation threshold for a highly compensated individual or participant (as defined by Code Section 414(q) (1)(B) for purposes of Code Section 125 nondiscrimination testing) increases to \$130,000 for 2020.

Under the cafeteria plan rules, the term highly compensated means any individual or participant who for the preceding plan year (or the current plan year in the case of the first year of employment) had compensation in excess of the compensation amount as specified in Code Section 414(q)(1) (B). Prop. Treas. Reg. 1.125-7(a)(9).

Key Employee

The dollar limitation under Code Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i) concerning the definition of a key employee for calendar year 2020 increases to \$185,000.

Mv Benefit Advisor

For purposes of cafeteria plan nondiscrimination testing, a key employee is a participant who is a key employee within the meaning of Code Section 416(i)(1) at any time during the preceding plan year. Prop. Treas. Reg. 1.125-7(a)(10).

Non-Grandfathered Plan Out-Of-Pocket Cost-Sharing Limits

The 2020 maximum annual out-of-pocket limits for all non-grandfathered (NGF) group health plans are \$8,150 for self-only coverage and \$16,300 for family coverage.

These limits generally apply with respect to any essential health benefits (EHBs) offered under the group health plan. Federal guidance established that starting in the 2016 plan year, the self-only annual out-of-pocket limit applies to each individual, regardless of whether the individual is enrolled in other than self-only coverage, including in a family HDHP.

Qualified Small Employer Health Reimbursement Arrangements

For tax years beginning in 2020, to qualify as a qualified small employer health reimbursement arrangement (QSEHRA) under Code Section 9831(d), the arrangement must provide that the total amount of payments and reimbursements for any year cannot exceed \$5,250 (\$10,600 for family coverage).

Health Savings Accounts

As announced in May 2019, the inflation adjustments for health savings accounts (HSAs) for 2020 were provided by the IRS in Rev. Proc. 2019-25.

Annual contribution limitation.

For calendar year 2020, the limitation on HSA contributions for an individual with self-only coverage under a high deductible health plan is \$3,550. For calendar year 2020, the limitation on HSA contributions for an individual with family coverage under a qualifying high deductible health plan is \$7,100.

Qualifying high deductible health plan.

For calendar year 2020, a "qualifying high deductible health plan" is defined as a health plan with an annual deductible that is not less than \$1,400 for self-only coverage or \$2,800 for family coverage, and the annual out-of-pocket expenses (deductibles, co-payments, and other amounts, but not premiums) do not exceed \$6,900 for self-only coverage or \$13,800 for family coverage.

Non-calendar year plans: In cases where the qualifying high deductible health plan renewal date is after the beginning of the calendar year, any required changes to the annual deductible or out-of-pocket maximum may be implemented as of the next renewal date. See IRS Notice 2004-50, 2004-33 I.R.B. 196, Q/A-86 (Aug.16, 2004).

Catch-up contribution.

Individuals who are age 55 or older and covered by a qualifying high deductible health plan may make additional catch-up HSA contributions each year until they enroll in Medicare. The additional contribution, as outlined in Code 223(b)(3)(B), is \$1,000 for 2009 and thereafter.